



Transforming long term condition care in the NHS

Simon Bourne DM, FRCP
CEO my mhealth

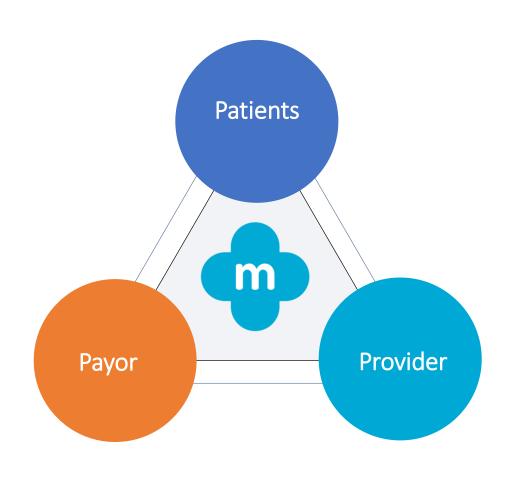
Who are my mhealth?

We are a clinically led software company that develops and deploys Apps which help patients and clinicians to manage long term conditions.

We are working in partnership with over 100 CCGs in NHS England and several health boards in Scotland and Wales to digitally transform LTC care.

Our platform improves outcomes and reduces healthcare costs by engaging, educating and empowering patients and enabling clinical teams to deliver new models of care, at a population scale.

Value for Customers



Patients

- Improved access / empowerment
- Better outcomes / reduced complications
- Right care, first time, every time

Providers

- Increased productivity / efficiency
- Delivery of new models of care / hit targets
- New revenue streams / enhanced reimbursement
- Contingency

Payors

- Reduced costs / risk
- Medical intelligence

Key Differentiators



Multiple conditions



Clinically led transformation



Platform for disruption

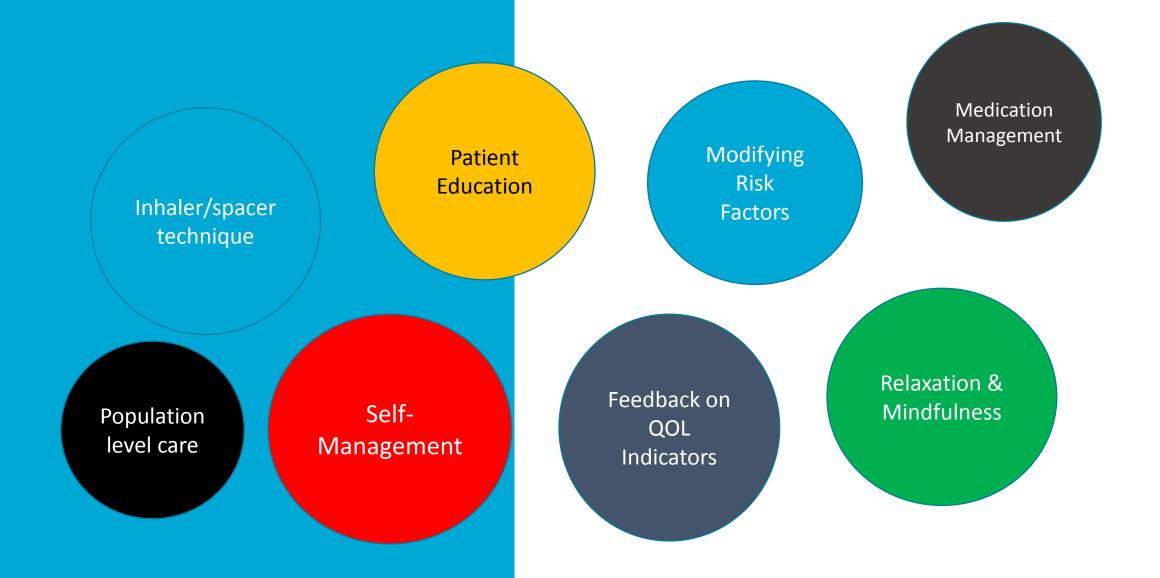


Published evidence



National deployment

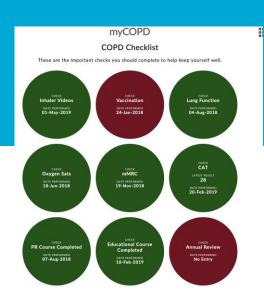
It's about doing the simple things well



Simple checklist

- For all 4 main long-term conditions
- Simple messages turn those circles green
- Align to key checks required at annual review
- Can be monitored remotely by HCPs
- Patients receive nudges via notifications





myCOPD



Metered Dose Inhaler and Evohaler









Activation

87% of UK COPD population has access to device & internet (ONS 2018)

UK app Activation rates 44% across all CCGs- ie logged on and fully registered and using

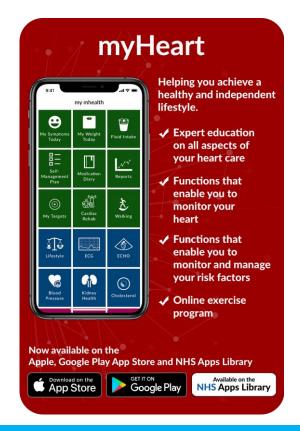
- However range from 30-98%- differentiator is the introduction
- Nudges helpful text alert raised rate from 40-90% in one region
- New AP UI with nudges should increase this significantly
- In study in Scotland, up to 2 nudges increase activation form 50-77%!

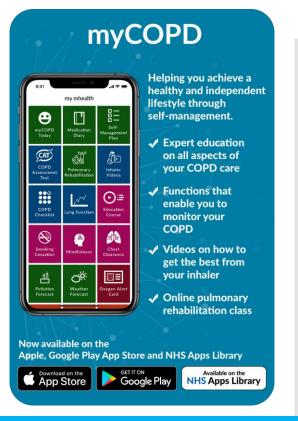
App usage-

- Pulmonary Rehab study 12 week programme 77% Completion rate (BMJ Open 2017)
- Hospital discharge population (no previous internet use) 85% activation rate- 50% continued use at 3 months- 4.9 times per week-RESCUE
- RWE- embedded in NHS services Essex 72% completed 12 week programme (compared to 40% without myCOPD)
- West Lothian 86% activation rate and 70% using at least once per week









We are the only multiple morbidity/rehabilitation platform MHRA Registered CE Marked and approved by the NHS

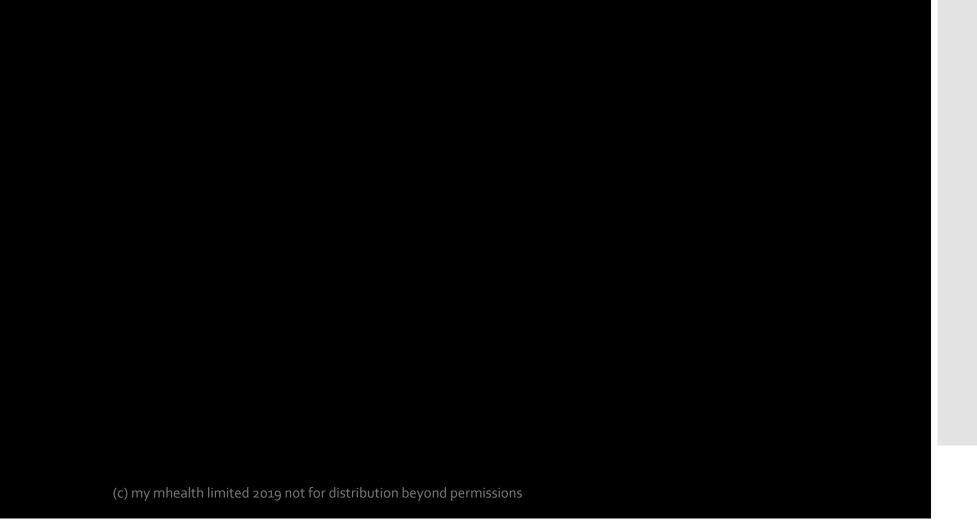




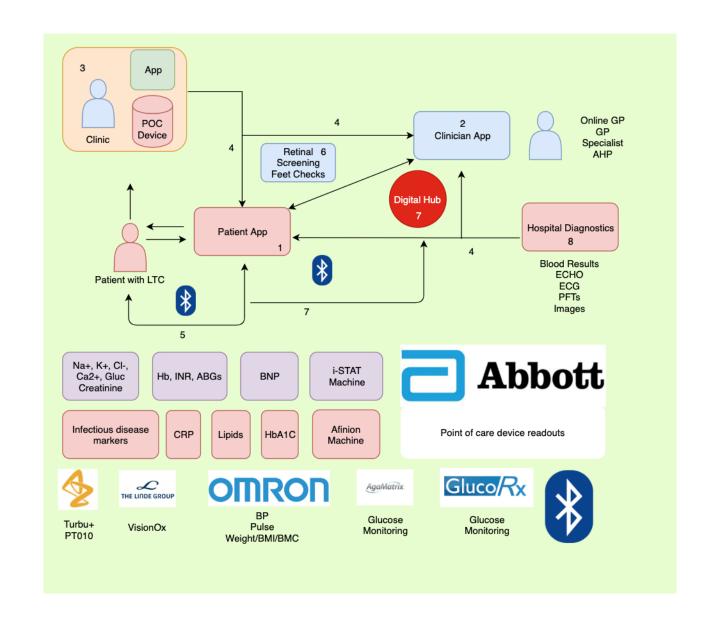


Available on the NHS Apps Library





Integrated pathways



BMJ Open Online versus face-to-face pulmonary rehabilitation for patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: randomised controlled trial

> Simon Bourne, 1,2 Ruth DeVos, 1,2 Malcolm North, 2 Anoop Chauhan, 1 Ben Green, 1 Thomas Brown, 1 Victoria Cornelius, 3 Tom Wilkinson2.

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ABSTRACT

Objective To obtain evidence whether the online pulmonary rehabilitation(PR) programme 'my-PR' is non-inferior to a conventional face-to-face PR in improving physical performance and symptom scores in patients with COPD.

Design A two-arm parallel single-blind, randomised

Setting. The online arm carried out pulmonary rehabilitation in their own homes and the face to face arm in a local rehabilitation facility.

Participants 90 patients with a diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), modified Medical Research Council score of 2 or greater referred for pulmonary rehabilitation (PR), randomised in a 2:1 ratio to online (n=64) or face-to-face PR (n=26). Participants unable to use an internet-enabled device at home were excluded Main outcome measures Coprimary outcomes were 6 min walk distance test and the COPD assessment test

(CAT) score at completion of the programme. Interventions A 6-week PR programme organised either as group sessions in a local rehabilitation facility, or online PR via log in and access to 'mvPR'

Results The adjusted mean difference for the 6 min walk test (6MWT) between groups for the intention-to-treat (ITT) population was 23.8 m with the lower 95% Cl well above upper 95% Cl of +52.2 m. This result was consistent in the per-protocol (PP) population with a mean adjusted difference

Strengths and limitations of this study

- This study explored the efficacy and safety 'myPR', a by online support compared with conventional face-to-face delivery in classes using a randomised controlled trial to explore whether the online programme was non-inferior to the standard model.
- Due to the nature of the intervention, only patients with access to the internet at home could be included in the study.
- sample size, and the absence of long-term followup. Larger studies are required to explore the healtheconomic benefits of this model and applicability in different healthcare settings.

function, increasing symptoms and functional limitation over time.1 Pulmonary rehabilitation (PR) is a non-pharmacological intervention at the core of management of COPD, aimed at reducing the burden of symptoms by increasing exercise tolerance and improving self-management. With an established evidence-base, PR has Strong evidence base of efficacy

Core components



Symptom and QOL reporting



Customisable selfmanagement tools



Medicine management



Weather and air pollution reports



Track and modify risk factors



Comprehensive education course



Evidence based online rehab



Sophisticated clinician interface

assessment Referral and

12 Face-to-Face sessions with myCOPD as adjunct

Hybrid (6 F₂F, 6 digital sessions)

Full digital (home based)

Hybrid PR - A real world example

Results:

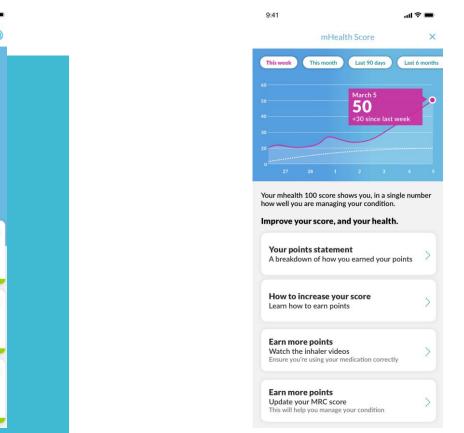
Completion rates: 40% → 72%

6MSWT: ↑ 105m

CAT score: 4.2

Capacity:

† 113%



mHealth 100 score

Medication

Pulmonary

Check the

pollution forecast

Rehab

Diary

How are you

you're feeling?

Self-Management

Check the

weather forecast

How to Increase your mHealth Score



The maxiumum score you can achieve is 100. Each task has a time period in which it must be completed. If you miss a deadline you'll lose points earned in a previous period from your total score.

Earn points by completing the following tasks

Enter your symptom

1 point for each symptom score entered during the last 30 days (maximum score of 10)

Complete your CAT

10 points for completing a CAT score in the last 4 weeks

Watch inhaler videos

10 points for watching your inhaler video(s) in the last

Complete your educational course

10 points for completing your course in the last 6 months. You also get points for watching individual videos. Divide 10 points by the total number of educational videos in your course and you'll be awarded this number of points for every video you watch. For example if there are 13 videos and you watch 2 then the score will equal 2/13 x 10 = 1.5 points.

Eluvaccia

10 points for having your jab in the last 12 months.

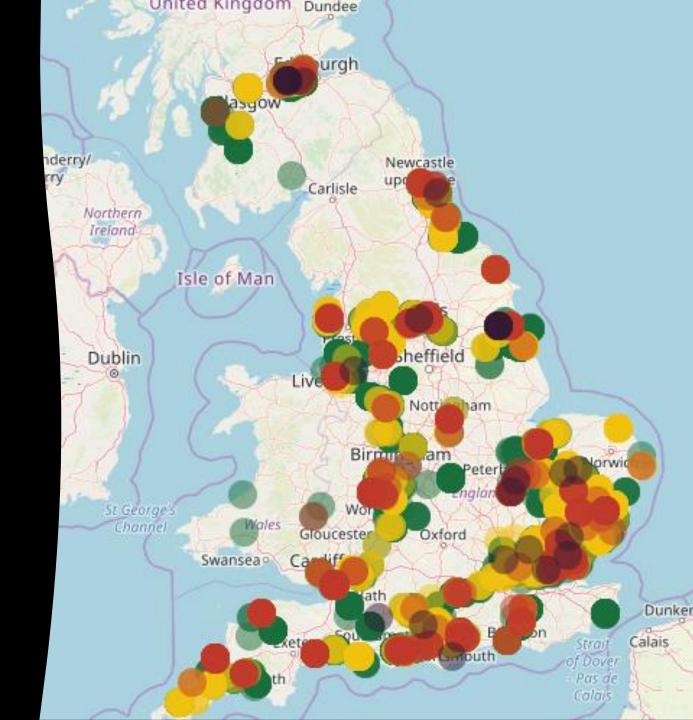
Watched smoking cessation video

If you are a smoker and haven't watched the smoking cessation video in the last 3 months you'll lose 20

Examples of UI in development and gamification

Exacerbations: Early Detection and Prediction

- 1. MyCOPD Improves exacerbation recognition
- 2. Can introduce patient stratification- eg eosinophils into personalised action plans
- 3. We can model individualised risk
 - Pattern of symptoms
 - Seasonality
 - Temperature and Pollution
 - Connected Inhaler use
- 4. Population level data- the symptonet
 - Create an exacerbation prediction model
 - Add value for patients, services and payers
 - USP to evidenced based mandated use



Let's change healthcare forever

my mhealth Changing Healthcare Forever

Simon Bourne simon.bourne@mymhealth.com